

Svenn Anton Halvorsen, Nora Kleinknecht: An Improved Model for High Temperature Inductive Heating

2011 COMSOL
Conference
Stuttgart



Inductive Heating Improved Model



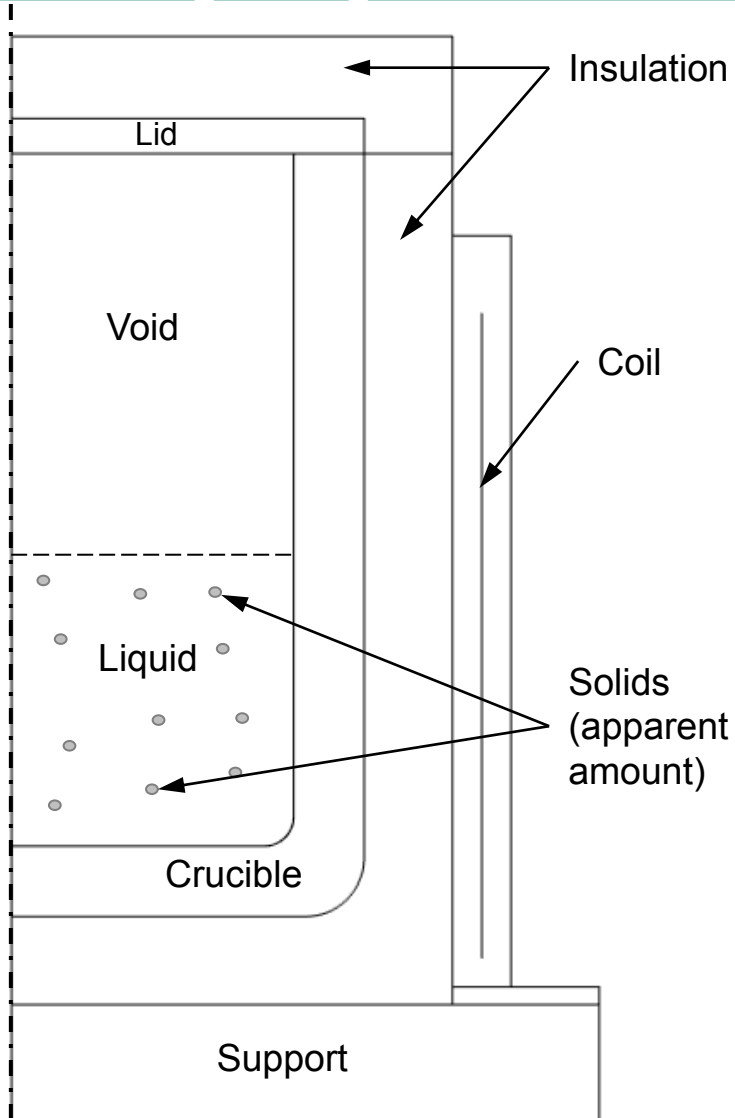
- **Multiphysics model**
 - Heat Transfer
 - ODEs and DAEs – Simplifications, constraints, control
 - Magnetic Fields – “Complex pollution” of real variables
 - Solid Mechanics – Thermal stresses, displacements
- **Improvements and experience**
 - Model improvements
 - COMSOL versions – 3.4, 3.5a, 4.0a, 4.1, 4.2
Some problems, experience, improvements
 - Case studies, current control

Inductive Heating Improved Model



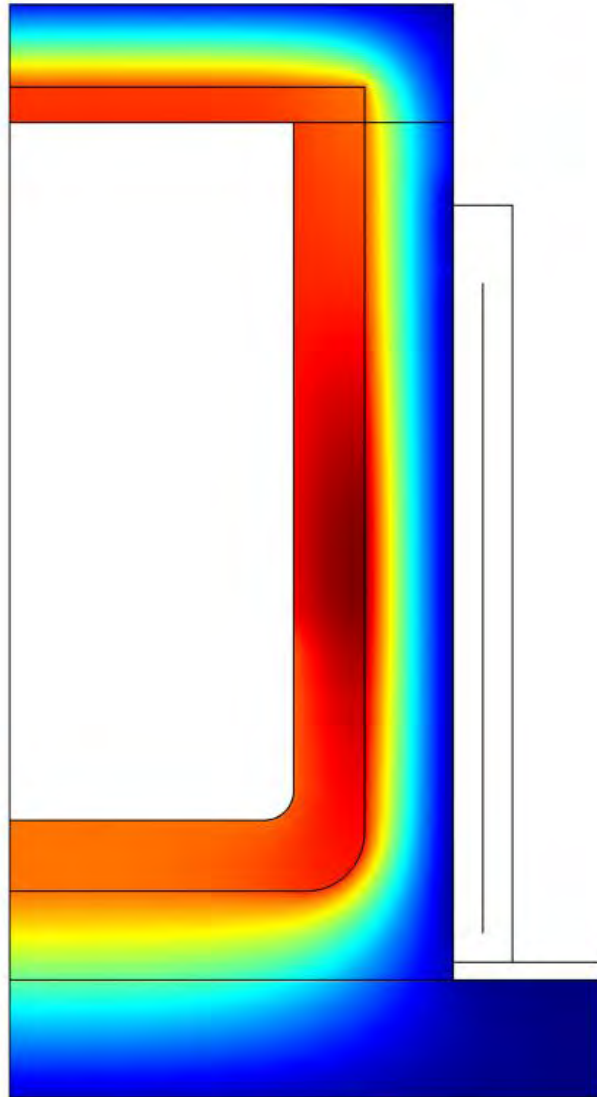
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High Temp Inductive Heating Axially Symmetric Model



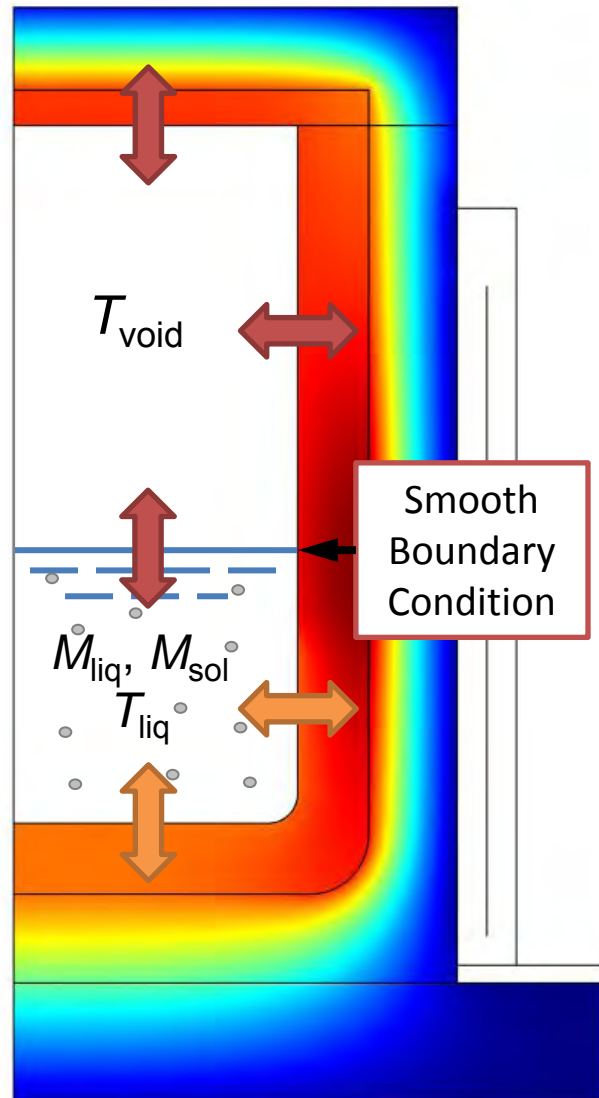
- Case study: Melting
- Non-conductive liquid
 - Crucible heated by induction
- Conductive liquid (metal)
 - Non-conductive crucible

Multiphysics Heat Transfer



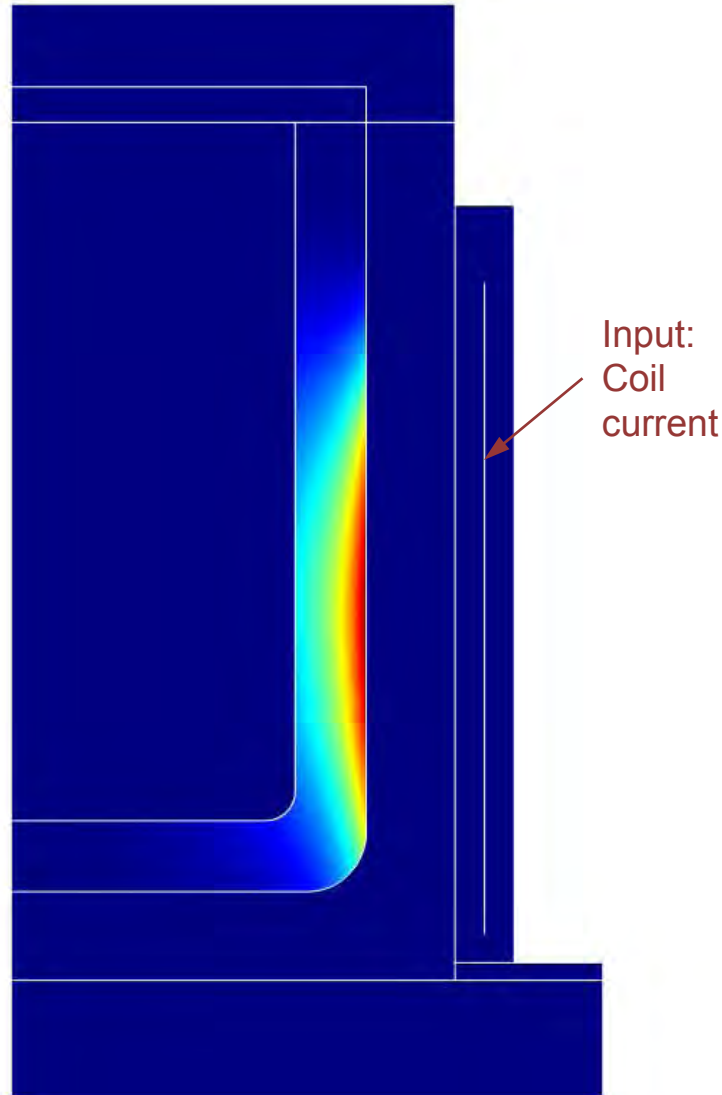
- Crucible, lid, insulation, support
- Induced power
 - Electromagnetics
- Outside: Boundary conditions
- Inside: Couple to void and liquid

Multiphysics, ODEs and DAEs, Discrete state variables



- Material balance:
 - Solids
 - Liquid
- Heat balance: Void
 - Radiation
- Heat balance: Liquid
 - Convective heat transfer, radiation
 - Melting
- Can be far more complex

Multiphysics Magnetic Fields



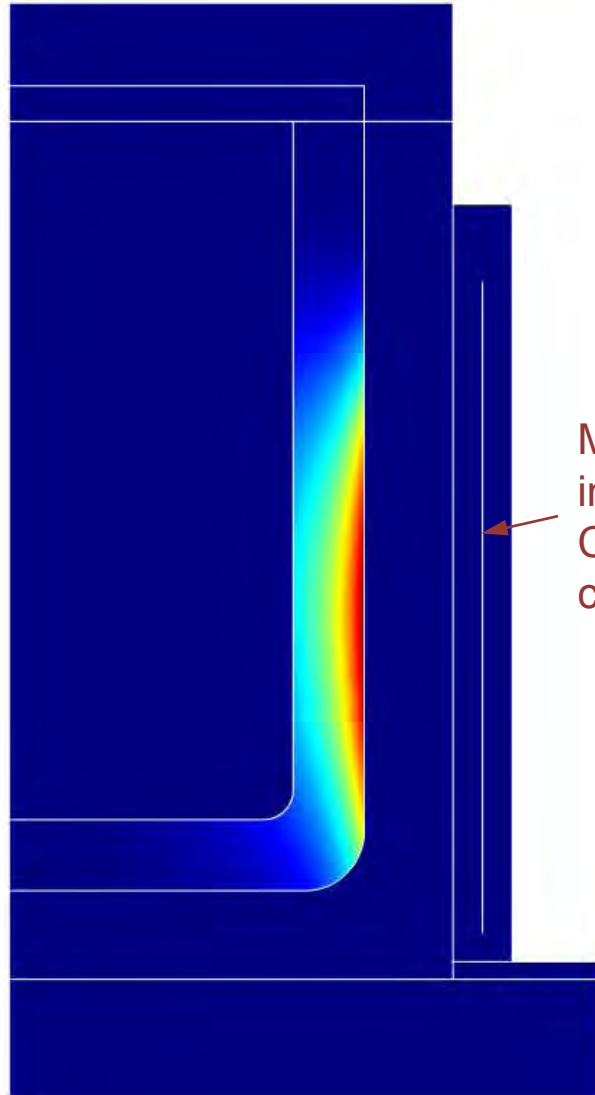
- Power distribution
 - Input to heat equation
- $$Q_{\text{rh}} = \frac{\text{Re}(\mathbf{E} \cdot \mathbf{J}^*)}{2}$$
- AC, frequency domain
 - Complex fields
 - $\text{Re}(z)$ non-analytical (no derivative!)
 - Non-linear solver applies Jacobian (derivatives)

Magnetic Fields Coupling to Heat Transfer



- Previously
 - Pseudo Jacobian
 - BUT: “Complex pollution” (small imaginary components)
 - Temperatures
 - Mechanical stresses
 - ...
 - Computational problems!
- From version 4.1
 - Ignore Jacobian information (magnetics → heat transfer)
 - Segregated solver
 - OK for weak couplings

Magnetic Fields, ODE/DAEs Coupling to Heat Transfer



- Specified power

$$\iint 2\pi r Q_{\text{induced}} dr dz = W_{\text{SetPt}}(t)$$

Total induced power = Set point value

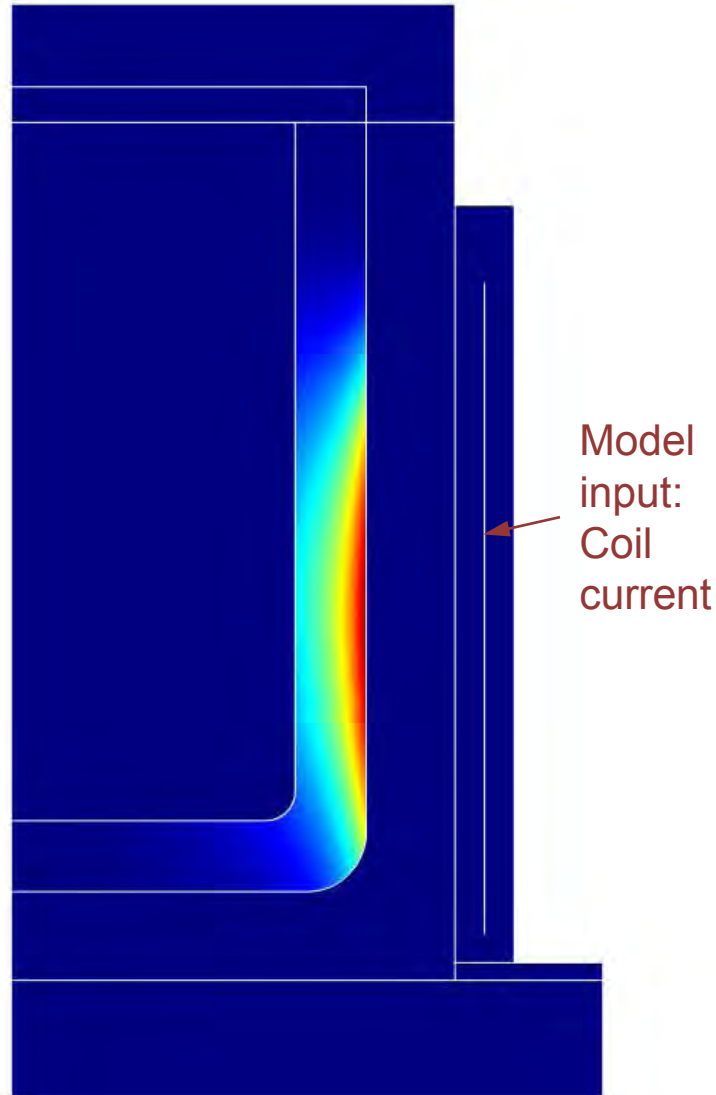
- Temperature given

$$T_{\text{Chosen}}(t) = T_{\text{SetPt}}(t)$$

A computed T = Set point value

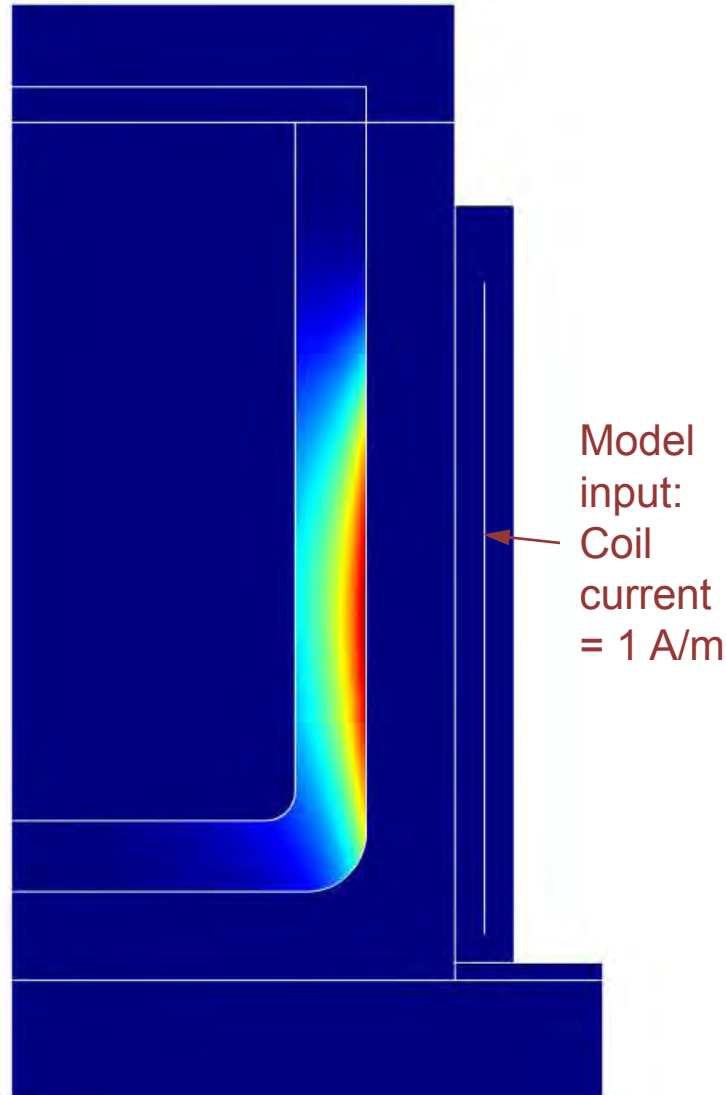
- I_{coil} is complex !

Magnetic Fields, ODE/DAEs Coupling to Heat Transfer



- Equation for I_{coil}
 - Total induced power = Set point value
or
A computed T = Set point value
- v 4.0a: Pseudo Jacobian
 - Phase angle is undetermined, but get “Solution” !
Dynamic problems !
 - Fix: Modify equation
- v 4.1: No Jacobian info
 - One missing equation
 - No computations

Magnetic Fields, ODE/DAEs Coupling to Heat Transfer



- Equation for I_{coil}
Total induced power = Set point value
or
A computed T = Set point value
- Quadratic dependence, move I_{coil} “outside” electro-magnetics

$$Q_{\text{induced}} = I_{\text{coil}}^2 Q_{\text{rh}}$$

Input to the
heat equation

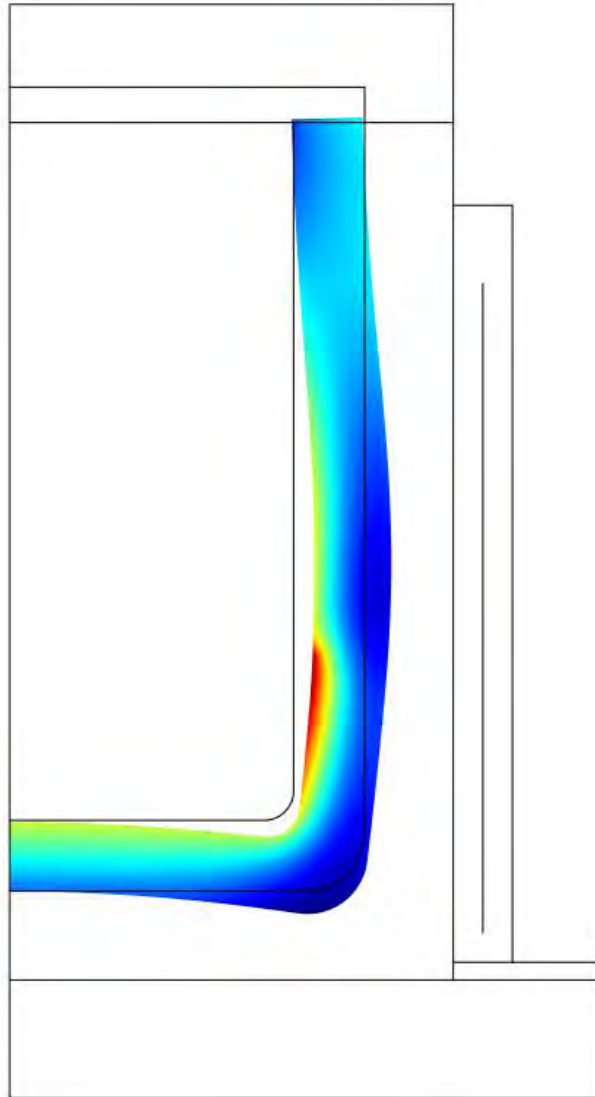
Due to 1 A/m
coil current

Magnetic Fields, ODE/DAEs Coupling to Heat Transfer



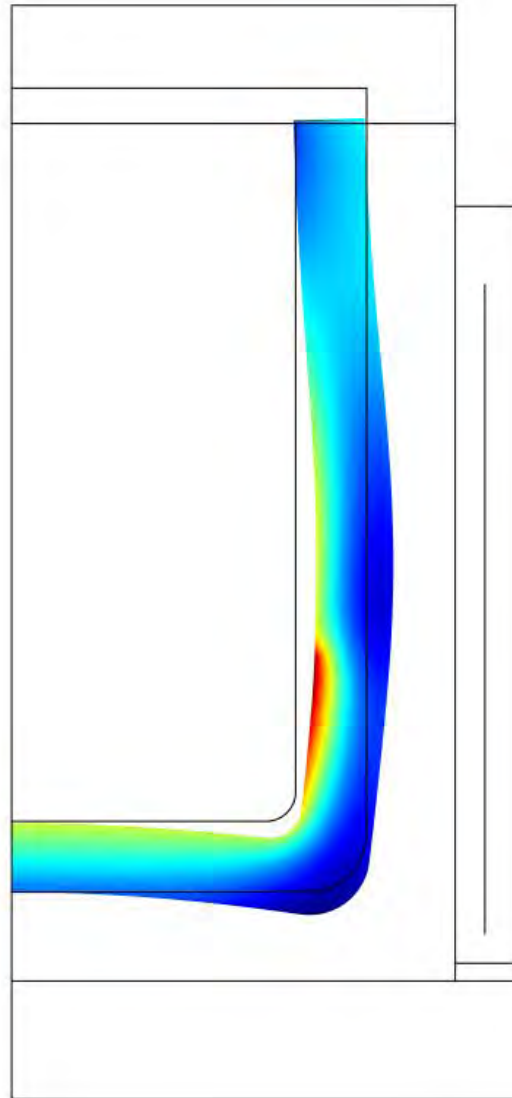
- Latest info from COMSOL – Version 4.2a
 - Declare fields as complex or real
 - Split AC (complex) fields into real and imaginary parts (at solver level)
Equivalent to using real valued sine and cosine terms
 - Constrain phase of ODE (feedback control) variables

Multiphysics Solid Mechanics



- Crucible only
- Insulation is soft
- Example: Stress in the angular direction
 - Deformation, relatively to expansion at 850 °C
 - Scaled 50 times

Multiphysics Solid Mechanics



Settings

Deformation

▼ Expression + -

x component:

$u-r*\text{Alpha_Cru}*(850[\text{degC}]-\text{Tempref})$ m

y component:

$w-z*\text{Alpha_Cru}*(850[\text{degC}]-\text{Tempref})$ m

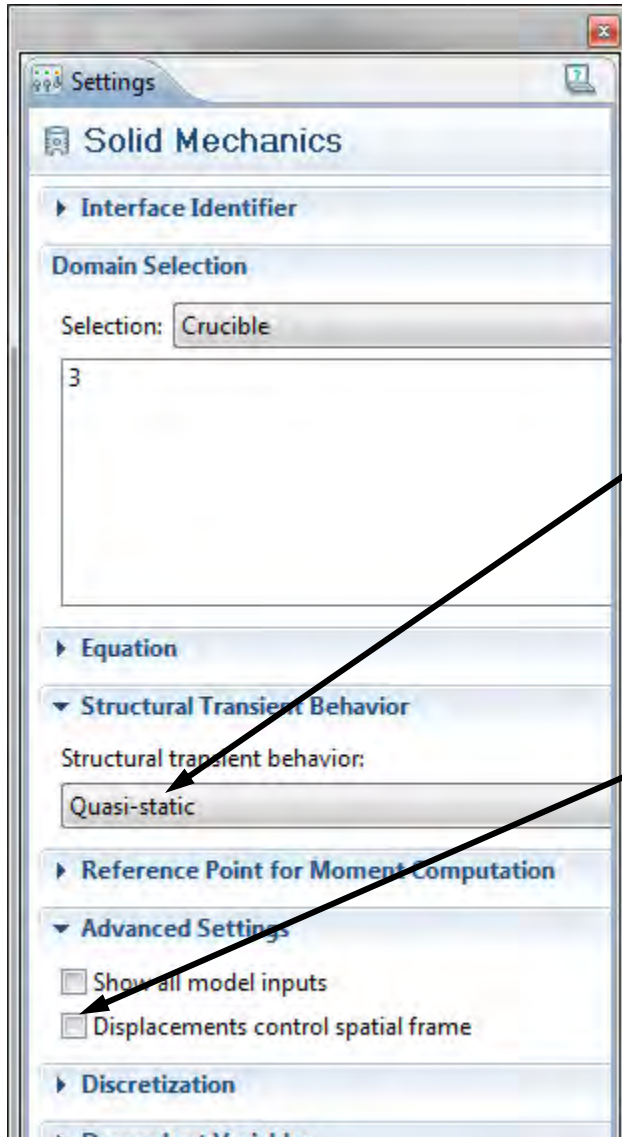
Description:

▼ Scale

Scale factor: 50

Multiphysics

Solid Mechanics, Settings v 4.2



- Structural transient behavior:
 - Quasi-static
- Advanced Settings
 - Uncheck:
Displacements control spatial frame

Improvements



- Quasi-stationary melting:
Slow process, drop d/dt terms
 - Significant: Heating and melting of solids
 - Insignificant: Change of local T , T_{liq} , T_{void}
 - Required:
charging/input rate = melting rate
- Conductive or non-conductive liquid
- Far more complex dynamics
- Control: specified power or temperature, combined (power plus proportional T-control)

Conclusions



- Model for High Temperature Inductive Heating
 - Previously: Successfully developed
 - Successfully migrated
 - From version 3.4
 - Via versions 3.5a, 4.0a, and 4.1
 - To version 4.2
 - Successfully improved
- COMSOL Multiphysics is a suitable tool

Acknowledgement



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